



SAFETY DATA SHEET

MERIT BLOND 25

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : MERIT BLOND 25
Product description : A two-component acid catalysed lacquer.

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended use: Painting

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer or Distributor

Tikkurila Oyj
P.O. Box 53
FI-01301 VANTAA
FINLAND
Telephone +358 20 191 2000

e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS : Tikkurila Oyj,
Product Safety,
e-mail: productsafety@tikkurila.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Telephone number : 112
(24h)

Supplier or Manufacturer

Telephone number : Tikkurila Oyj
+358 20 191 2000 (GMT +2) Mon-Fri 8-16

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Flam. Liq. 2, H225

Eye Dam. 1, H318

STOT SE 3, H336

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms :



Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H318 - Causes serious eye damage.
H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Precautionary statements

General	: Not applicable.
Prevention	: P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P261 - Avoid breathing mist/vapours/spray. P 280 - Wear protective gloves/clothing and eye/face protection. P284 - In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.
Response	: P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician.
Storage	: Not applicable.
Disposal	: Not applicable.
Hazardous ingredients	: n-butyl acetate iso-butanol
Supplemental label elements	: Not applicable.

2.3 Other hazards

Other hazards which do not result in classification : None known.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Notes
n-butyl acetate	REACH #: 01-2119485493-29 EC: 204-658-1 CAS: 123-86-4 Index: 607-025-00-1	≥25 - ≤50	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066	-
iso-butanol	REACH #: 01-2119484609-23 EC: 201-148-0 CAS: 78-83-1 Index: 603-108-00-1	<10	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336	-
urea, polymer with formaldehyde, isobutylated	CAS: 68002-18-6	≤10	Aquatic Chronic 4, H413	-
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	REACH #: 01-2119475791-29 EC: 203-603-9 CAS: 108-65-6 Index: 607-195-00-7	≤10	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336	-
butylated melamine formaldehyde resin	CAS: 68002-25-5	≤3	Aquatic Chronic 4, H413	-
ethanol	REACH #: 01-2119457610-43 EC: 200-578-6 CAS: 64-17-5 Index: 603-002-00-5	≤3	Flam. Liq. 2, H225	-
2-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-4,6-ditertpentylphenol	REACH #: 01-2119955688-17 EC: 247-384-8 CAS: 25973-55-1	≤0.3	STOT RE 2, H373 Aquatic Chronic 4, H413 See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	-

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs or vPvBs or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Notes, if applicable, refer to Notes given in Annex VI of 1272/2008/EC.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

- General** : In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Show this safety data sheet or label to the doctor if possible.
- Eye contact** : Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of lukewarm water, keeping eyelids open. Continue to rinse for at least 20 minutes. Get medical attention immediately.
- Inhalation** : Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Get medical attention.
- Skin contact** : Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
- Ingestion** : If accidentally swallowed rinse the mouth with plenty of water (only if the person is conscious) and obtain immediate medical attention. Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Do NOT induce vomiting.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Causes serious eye damage.

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

None.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media** : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire. Recommended: Alcohol resistant foam, CO₂, powders or water spray/mist.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media** : Do not use a direct water jet that could spread the fire.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

- Hazards from the substance or mixture** : Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Fire will produce dense black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. The vapour/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapours may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.
- Hazardous combustion products** : When exposed to high temperatures, hazardous decomposition products may be produced, such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen etc.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

- Special protective actions for fire-fighters** : Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. Do not release runoff from fire to drains or watercourses.
- Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

- 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures** : Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Provide adequate ventilation. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.
- 6.2 Environmental precautions** : Do not allow to enter drains, water courses or soil.
- 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up** : Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Preferably clean with a detergent. Avoid using solvents.
- 6.4 Reference to other sections** : See Section 1 for emergency contact information.
See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

- 7.1 Precautions for safe handling** : Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapors in air and avoid vapor concentrations higher than the occupational exposure limits. Isolate from sources of heat, sparks and open flame. In addition, the product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Electrical equipment should be protected to the appropriate standard. Mixture may charge electrostatically: always use earthing leads when transferring from one container to another. No sparking tools should be used.
Skin contact with the product and exposure to spray mist and vapor should be avoided. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid inhalation of dust from sanding. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled and stored. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product.
- 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities** : Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Recommended storage temperature is +5°C ...+25°C. Store in accordance with local regulations.
- 7.3 Specific end use(s)** : None.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
n-butyl acetate	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 8/2018). STEL: 966 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 724 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.
iso-butanol	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 8/2018). STEL: 231 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. STEL: 75 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 154 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.

2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 8/2018). Absorbed through skin.STEL: 548 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.

TWA: 274 mg/m³ 8 hours.

STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.

ethanol

EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 8/2018).

TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.

TWA: 1920 mg/m³ 8 hours.

Recommended monitoring procedures : If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment.

DNELs/DMELs

No DNELs/DMELs available.

PNECs

No PNECs available

8.2 Exposure controls**Appropriate engineering controls**

Provide adequate ventilation. Where reasonably practicable, this should be achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapours below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn (see Personal protection). Provide a readily-accessible eyewash facility. Comply with the health and safety at work laws.

Individual protection measures

Eye/face protection : Wear eye/face protection (EN166).

Hand protection : Wear protective gloves. Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material. The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed.

Recommended glove material (EN374):

< 1 hour (breakthrough time): nitrile rubber

> 8 hours (breakthrough time): fluor rubber, laminated foil

Not recommended: PVC or natural rubber (latex) gloves

Skin protection : Wear suitable protective clothing. This product is classified as flammable. If necessary, personnel should wear antistatic clothing made of natural fibres or of high-temperature-resistant synthetic fibres.

Respiratory protection : If ventilation is inadequate, use respirator that will protect against organic vapour and dust/mist. During spray-application use respirators with combination filter A/P3. Wear a half mask or full face respirator with gas and vapour filter A and with dust filter P2 during sanding (EN140:1998, EN405:2001). During continuous and long-term work the use of motor-driven or air-fed respirators is recommended (EN12941:1998). Be sure to use an approved/certified respirator or equivalent. Check that mask fits tightly and change filter regularly.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties****Appearance**

Physical state : Liquid.

Colour : Clear.

Odour : Strong.

Odour threshold : Not relevant for the hazard assessment of the product.

pH : Not relevant for the hazard assessment of the product.

Melting point/freezing point : <-90°C (n-butyl acetate)

Initial boiling point and boiling range : 126°C (n-butyl acetate)

Flash point	: 23 °C (n-butyl acetate)
Evaporation rate	: 1 (butyl acetate = 1) (n-butyl acetate)
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not applicable. Product is a liquid.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	: Lower: 1.4% (n-butyl acetate) Upper: 7.6% (n-butyl acetate)
Vapour pressure	: 1.5 kPa [room temperature] (n-butyl acetate)
Vapour density	: 4 (n-butyl acetate)
Density	: 0.95 g/cm ³
Solubility(ies)	: insoluble in water.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	: Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	: 415°C (n-butyl acetate)
Decomposition temperature	: Not relevant for the hazard assessment of the product.
Viscosity	: Not relevant for the hazard assessment of the product.
Explosive properties	: No explosive ingredients present.
Oxidising properties	: No oxidising ingredients present.

9.2 Other information

No additional information.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

- 10.1 Reactivity** : See Section 10.5.
- 10.2 Chemical stability** : Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).
- 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions** : May present an explosion hazard when material is suspended in air in confined areas or equipment and subjected to spark, heat or flame.
- 10.4 Conditions to avoid** : Avoid extreme heat and freezing. Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).
- 10.5 Incompatible materials** : Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions:
oxidising agents
strong acids
strong alkalis
- 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products** : When exposed to high temperatures, hazardous decomposition products may be produced, such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen etc.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

There is no testdata available on the product itself.

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. Formaldehyde is released during the curing. Formaldehyde may cause irreversible effects, is irritating to the mucous membranes and may cause skin sensitisation.

Acute toxicity

Not classified.

Irritation/Corrosion

Causes serious eye damage.

Sensitisation

Not classified.

Mutagenicity

Not classified.

Carcinogenicity

Not classified.

Reproductive toxicity

Not classified.

Teratogenicity

Not classified.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not classified.

Aspiration hazard

Not classified.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Ecological testing has not been conducted on this product.

Do not allow to enter drains, water courses or soil.

The product is not classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

12.1 Toxicity : No specific data.

Not available.

12.2 Persistence and degradability : No specific data.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP _{ow}	Bioconcentration factor [BCF]	Potential
ethanol	-0.35	-	low
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	1.2	-	low
iso-butanol	1	-	low
n-butyl acetate	2.3	-	low

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (K_{oc}) : Not available.

Mobility : Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Product/ingredient name	PBT	P	B	T	vPvB	vP	vB
n-butyl acetate	No	N/A	N/A	No	N/A	N/A	N/A
iso-butanol	No	N/A	N/A	No	N/A	N/A	N/A
urea, polymer with formaldehyde, isobutylated	No	N/A	N/A	No	N/A	N/A	N/A
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	No	N/A	N/A	No	N/A	N/A	N/A
butylated melamine formaldehyde resin	No	N/A	N/A	No	N/A	N/A	N/A
ethanol	No	N/A	N/A	No	N/A	N/A	N/A
2-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-4,6-ditertpentylphenol	SVHC (Candidate)	Specified	Specified	Specified	SVHC (Candidate)	Specified	Specified

12.6 Other adverse effects : Not available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Methods of disposal : Gather residues into waste containers. Liquid residue and cleaning liquids are hazardous waste and must not be emptied into drains or sewage system, but handled in accordance with national regulations. Product residues should be left at special companies which have permission for gathering this kind of wastes.

European waste catalogue (EWC)

Waste code	Waste designation
08 01 11*	waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances

If this product is mixed with other wastes, the original waste product code may no longer apply and the appropriate code should be assigned. For further information, contact your local waste authority.

Packaging

Methods of disposal : Empty packaging should be recycled or disposed of in accordance with national regulations.

Special precautions : None.

SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
14.4 Packing group	II	II	II
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.

Additional information

ADR/RID : **Special provisions** 640 (C)
Tunnel code (D/E)

IMDG : **Emergency schedules** F-E,S-E

14.6 Special precautions for user : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments : Not available.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Substances of very high concern

Ingredient name	Intrinsic property	Status	Reference number	Date of revision
2-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-4,6-ditertpentylphenol; UV-328	PBT	Candidate	ED/108/2014	12/17/2014
-	vPvB	Candidate	ED/108/2014	12/17/2014

Other EU regulations

Europe inventory : Not determined.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment : This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still required.

SECTION 16: Other information

✔ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms :

- ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
- CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008]
- DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
- DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
- EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement
- PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
- PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration
- RRN = REACH Registration Number
- vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

	Classification	Justification
	Flam. Liq. 2, H225	On basis of test data
	Eye Dam. 1, H318	Calculation method
	STOT SE 3, H336	Calculation method
Full text of abbreviated H statements	: H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour. H226 Flammable liquid and vapour. H315 Causes skin irritation. H318 Causes serious eye damage. H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H413 May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life. EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.	
Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]	: Aquatic Chronic 4 Eye Dam. 1 Flam. Liq. 2 Flam. Liq. 3 Skin Irrit. 2 STOT RE 2 STOT SE 3	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 4 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE

EXPOSURE - Category 3

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Date of previous issue : No previous validation

Version : 1

Notice to reader

This Safety Data Sheet is prepared in accordance with Annex II (EU) No 830/2015 to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH). The information contained in this Safety Data Sheet is based on the present state of knowledge and current EU and national legislation. It provides guidance on health, safety and environmental aspects of the product and should not be construed as any guarantee of technical performance or suitability for particular applications.